SIYUM LESS THAN A WEEK AWAY! RSVP AT <u>www.dafaweek.org</u> OR EMAIL siyum@dafaweek.org TODAY



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ביצה דף לט

Name	_Email o	r Phone #		Page 1 of 5
Place an "X" if Closed גמרא (if	no indication, w	ve'll assume Open גמרא)	הזרה of the אדר	_ times 1 st בחינה?_
using cores 90 or above will receive a financial ince ppreciated. Copies of these tests and answer kne "questions only" test will be posted. A few Juless otherwise indicated, all questions a	entive in the for eys can be ob- weeks later,	orm of a gift certificate ortained by contacting we will post the "questions or the bound of the	te. Any comments, suggesti us or by download from ou	ons or corrections would be r website listed above. Initially
This week's bechi	ina star	ts at the two	dots on the bot	tom of לה.
and ends	s at the	on the משנה	tottom of .דף לט.	<u>.</u>
To organize the alliances in the	ול of סוגיא	ביט		
חכמי ארץ ישראל The ני יוחנן ורבי חנינא בר פפי ורבי זירא and some say גבהו ורבי שמעון בן פזי ורבי יצחק נפחא		רבי אבא		
רבי אושעיא		רב ספרא		
אביי				
. Fill in the following chart as	to whethe	er the rules of 7	ביטוי apply. (Yes/No	o)
מין בשאינו מינו		מין במינו		
				חכמים
	1			

2. A) Our משנה says that if a woman borrows spices for cooking food or water and salt for baking bread the resulting food/bread is limited to the common חהום area of both the borrower and lender. The הכמי ארץ ישראל asked why is this so. The spices/water/salt should be בטל to the flour/food. How did רבי אבא answer this question?

B) The חכמי ארץ ישראל 's answer. רבי אושעיא felt that they were justified in ridiculing רבי אבא 's answer. Why?

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3.	Does איסורים or ממונות in the category of איסורים and why?		
	B) What הלכה does רב חייא קטוספאה משמיה דרב say regarding someone who removes pebbles here is only a minimal amount) from the wheat of his friend and why?	(if	
	C) How does רב ספרא bring support to רבי אבא from this הלכה?		
4.	Vhat does אביי ask on רב ספרא (which once again refutes רבי אבא's answer)?		
5.	A) Can בשר שחוטה become an אב הטומאה?		
	B) Is אב הטומאה and, if so, can it lose this status and how?		
6.	A) Regarding the mixture of רב חסדא, בשר שחוטה and רב חסדא, בשר הסדא says that according to יהודה says that according to רב חסדא, בשר שחוטה says that according to יהודה the larger quantity (regarding level of מין שבמינו) it is considered מין שבמינו. However, if the larger quantity cannot become like the smaller quant tis considered. Based on this and questions #1 and #5, according to רבי יהודה	ity	

a) a single piece of מין במינו that falls into שהוטה is considered מין במינו and therefore is not בטול.

b) a single piece of שחוטה that falls into בטול is considered מין במינו and therefore is not בטול.

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6.	B) Presumably רב חסדא applies in cases where the נבילה and נבילה have owners. Based on this, what does רב מפרא (#4)? (which restores רבי אבא's answer)			
	<u>E.C.</u> The following answer is extra credit as it is based on the explanation given by 'תוס.			
7.	A) According to רבי יוחנן בן נורי items that are הפקר			
	a) are not subject to the laws תחומין.			
	b) are considered like they have an owner and their החום is based on the place of the object.			
	c) take on the חחום of the person who takes ownership.			
	B) Based on this (#7A) even if we don't presume that רב הסדא applies in cases where the אהוטה and נבילה have owners (#6B), what does רב ספרא ask on יבילה (#4)? (which restores רבי אבא's answer)			

- 8. רבי abandons his initial refutation of רב ספרא's defense of רבי אבא (#4) and instead refutes אבא by changing the assumption רבי אבא/רב ספרא made above (#3A). Does אביי include תחום in the category of ממונות or איסורים?
- 9. אביי's second refutation of רבי אבא is accepted. We are therefore left with the initial question of the הכמי ארץ ישראל (#2A). Why is the bread/food limited to the common תחום? Why isn't the spices/water/salt בטל to the flour/food?
 - A) How does אביי answer this question?

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9.	B)	How does רבא answer this question?	
	C)	How does רב אשי answer this question?	
10	Th	Our כטל says that according to רבי יהודה water <u>is</u> בטל to the bread imgis contradicts a רבי יהודה which quotes רבי יהודה as saying that both water e bread. How does our גמרא resolve this apparent contradiction?	
	see	Our משנה equates the laws of ביטול according to רבי יהודה regarding ביטול resolve this?	·
11	l. A)	Regarding what five laws does our משנה\ברייתא distinguish between co	als and a flame?
		What difference does the ברייתא bring between the laws regarding קדש w does our גמרא explain the difference?	and עבודה זרה and הי
12		וברייתא quotes a ברייתא that seems to contradict our ברייתא s. The ברייתא	ays המוציא שלהבת כל
	Ac	cording to the conclusion of the אמרא	

A) according to רב ששת, what is the case of this ברייתא?

בס"ד

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12. B) according to	אביי o, what is the case of this אביי?	
C) what is the	case of our משנה?	
Please feel free to	add any questions/answers, הערות or headlines of th	ne סוגיות from this week's ק
Utilize our Shoel U	U'meishiv online at <u>http://www.dafaweek.org/dis</u>	cussion-forum